

Whole School English Progression of Skills: Reading

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Word Reading	Reception (DM: Literacy- Reading) 0-3Y, 3-4Y, Reception • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears and says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. • Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Begins to read words and simple sentences. • Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. • Enjoys an increasing range of books. • Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers. Early Learning Goal: Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.	Year 1 W1: apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words W2: respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes W3: read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught W4: read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word W5: read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings W6: read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs W7: read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s) W8: read aloud accurately books	WR1: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent WR2: read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes WR3: read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above WR4: read words containing common suffixes WR5: read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word WR6: read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered WR7: read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out	WR1: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet WR2: read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Year 5/6 WR1: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1 both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.

|--|

^{*}The EYFS framework is not intended to link into the Key stage One curriculum and is the foundation before where children acquire the knowledge, skills and understanding necessary for their future next steps

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Comprehension	· Maintains attention,	Develop pleasure in reading,	Develop pleasure in reading,	Develop positive attitudes to	Maintain positive attitudes
	concentrates and sits quietly	motivation to read,	motivation to read, vocabulary	reading and understanding of	to reading and
Develop/maintain	during appropriate activity. • Two-channelled attention — can	vocabulary and understanding	and understanding by:	what they read by:	understanding of what they
motivation and	listen and do for short span.	by:	- listening to, discussing and	- listening to and discussing a wide	read by:
positive attitudes	tistert und do for sitore spart.	- listening to and discussing a	expressing views about a wide	range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-	-continuing to read and discuss
towards reading:	Early Learning Goal:	wide range of poems, stories and	range of contemporary and classic	fiction and reference books or	an increasingly wide range of
towards redding.	Children listen attentively in a	non-fiction at a level beyond that	poetry, stories and non-fiction at a	textbooks	fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction
	range of situations. They listen to	at which they can read	level beyond that at which they can		and reference books or
	stories, accurately anticipating	independently	read independently	-reading books that are structured	textbooks
	key events and respond to what			in different ways and reading for a	
	they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions.	- being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their	- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of	range of purposes	-reading books that are structured in different ways and
	They give their attention to what	own experiences	information are related	-using dictionaries to check the	reading for a range of purposes
	others say and respond	own experiences	anormation are related	meaning of words that they have	reducing for a range of parposes
	appropriately, while engaged in	- becoming very familiar with key	- becoming increasingly familiar	read	-increasing their familiarity with
	another activity.	stories, fairy stories and	with and retelling a wider range of		a wide range of books,
		traditional tales, retelling them	stories, fairy stories and traditional	-increasing their familiarity with a	including myths, legends and
		and considering their particular	tales	wide range of books, including fairy	traditional stories, modern
		characteristics	- being introduced to non-fiction	stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally	fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other
		- recognising and joining in with	books that are structured in	retelling some of these orally	cultures and traditions
		predictable phrases	different ways	-identifying themes and conventions	calcules and traditions
			3	in a wide range of books	-recommending books that they
		- learning to appreciate rhymes	- recognising simple recurring	-	have read to their peers, giving
		and poems, and to recite some by	literary language in stories and	-preparing poems and play scripts	reasons for their choices
		heart	poetry	to read aloud and to perform,	
		discussing word magnings	- discussing and clarifying the	showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action	-identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and
		- discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those	meanings of words, linking new	intonation, tone, volume and action	across a wide range of writing
		already known	meanings to known vocabulary	-discussing words and phrases that	across a wide range or writing
				capture the reader's interest and	-making comparisons within
			- discussing their favourite words	imagination	and across books
			and phrases		
				-recognising some different forms of	-learning a wider range of
			-continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart,	poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry	poetry by heart
			appreciating these and reciting	inalitative poeting	-preparing poems and plays to
			some, with appropriate intonation		read aloud and to perform,
			to make the meaning clear		showing understanding through
					intonation, tone and volume so
					that the meaning is clear to an
					audience

Comprehension

Understanding

- Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understands humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes.
- Able to follow a story without pictures or props.
- Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion.

Early Learning Goal

Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events.

Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:

-drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher

-checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading

-discussing the significance of the title and events

-making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done

-predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far

Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:

- -drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- -checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- -making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- -answering and asking questions

-predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far

Understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:

- checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context
- -asking questions to improve their understanding of a text
- -drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- -predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- -identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
- -identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning

Understand what they read by:

- checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning

Comprehension

Discuss and Explain

- Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because).
- Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger).
- Uses talk to connect ideas, explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next, recall and relive past experiences.
- Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how.

Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say

Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say

Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.

Retrieve and record information from non-fiction

Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader

Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously

Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through

Uses a range of tenses (e.g. play, playing, will play, played). Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others. Uses vocabulary focused on objects and people that are of particular importance to them. Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences.		formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary provide reasoned justifications for their views. Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
		Retrieve, record and present
Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else		anormation from Non nettore
in play, e,g, 'This box is my castle.'		
castle.		

^{*}The EYFS framework is not intended to link into the Key stage One curriculum and is the foundation before where children acquire the knowledge, skills and understanding necessary for their future next steps